### **Chemical-Looping Combustion**

CLC consortium and Bio-CCS in Sweden



**Anders Lyngfelt** 



Workshop on Sustainability and GHG impact of Bio-CC(U)S Lausanne, November 16, 2016

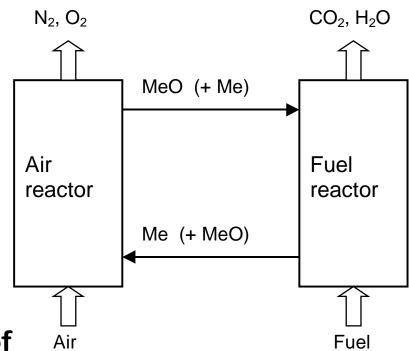
#### Why chemical-looping combustion (CLC)?

removed by condensation

# Oxygen is transferred from air to fuel by metal oxide particles

#### Inherent CO<sub>2</sub> capture:

- fuel and combustion air never mixed
- no active gas separation needed
- large costs/energy penalties of gas separation avoided



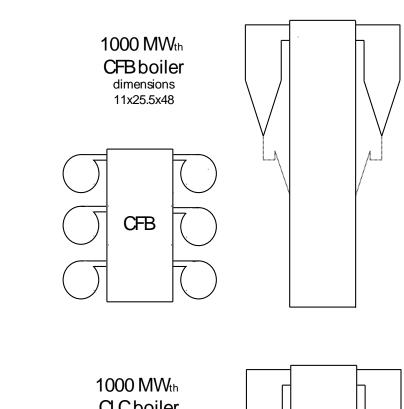
Potential for real breakthrough in costs of CO<sub>2</sub> capture

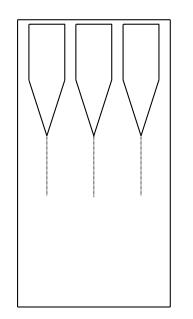
#### But does it work?

- CLC operation worldwide
  - 34 pilots: 0.3 kW 3 MW
  - >9000 h operation: of which solid fuels >3000 h

## CLC with <u>solid</u> fuels

- Low cost oxygen carriers can be used
- Incomplete conversion/capture
  - Some oxy-polishing needed, estimate: 10-20%
  - Up to 98% CO<sub>2</sub> capture attained
- Sufficient experience in smaller pilots
  - Ready for scale-up !!





Fuel reactor, cyclones, ducts and post-oxidation chamber: 2500 m<sup>2</sup>

**Cost: 1500** €m<sup>2</sup>

Added cost of fuel reactor:

4 M€

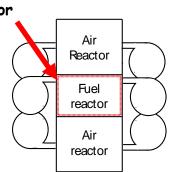
⇒ 0.4 M€year

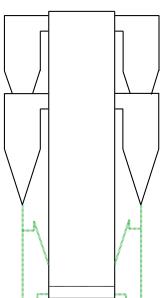
2 Mton CO<sub>2</sub>/year

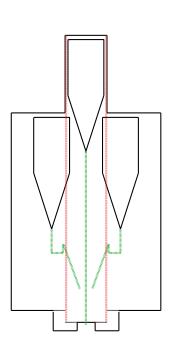
=**0.2 €**ton CO<sub>2</sub>

1000 MWth CLC boiler dimensions 11x25x48

Added cost: insulation of fuel reactor







#### Other costs

- CO<sub>2</sub> compression
  - Similar to other capture technologies
- Oxygen production (incomplete conversion)
  - 5-10 times less oxygen as compared to oxyfuel
- CO<sub>2</sub> purification
  - As in oxyfuel, option for SO<sub>2</sub>/NO<sub>x</sub> capture
- Oxygen carrier
  - With low cost ores, estimated to 1-4 €/tonne CO<sub>2</sub>
- Minor costs, >1 €/tonne
  - Fuel grinding, steam for fluidization
- Total costs, estimated to 16-26 €/tonne CO<sub>2</sub>

# Estimated cost of CLC, less than half of competing technologies

#### Should be suitable for biomass.

•larger biomass boilers normally use CFB technology

#### Additional potential advantages

- •No pollutants in flow from air reactor
  - Lower air ratio possible ?
- •Pollutants, e.g. NO<sub>x</sub>, concentrated in CO<sub>2</sub> flow
  - Possibility to eliminate NOx emissions?
- •No ash/alkali from air reactor?
  - Alkali leaves with flue gases from fuel reactor ?
  - and/or is captured by the oxygen carrier?
  - No fouling/high temperature corrosion?
  - Higher steam data / efficiency possible ?
  - Lower operational and maintenance costs?
  - Problems concentrated in smaller flow from fuel reactor ?

# Strategy for full-scale demonstration of chemical-looping at low cost?

Build dual purpose CFB/CLC, or retrofit CFB to CLC

Low added cost of CLC plant

Skip CO<sub>2</sub> capture (in 1<sup>st</sup> stage)

 Major added costs can be avoided, i.e. CO<sub>2</sub> compression and purification, and oxygen production

#### Go for biomass

 Potential advantages for avoiding fouling/high-temperature corrosion, thus potential of higher steam data/higher efficiency. Pollutants (NO<sub>x</sub>) in smaller CO<sub>2</sub> stream, emissions can be reduced

When the technology successfully demonstrated, add CO<sub>2</sub> capture (2<sup>nd</sup> stage)

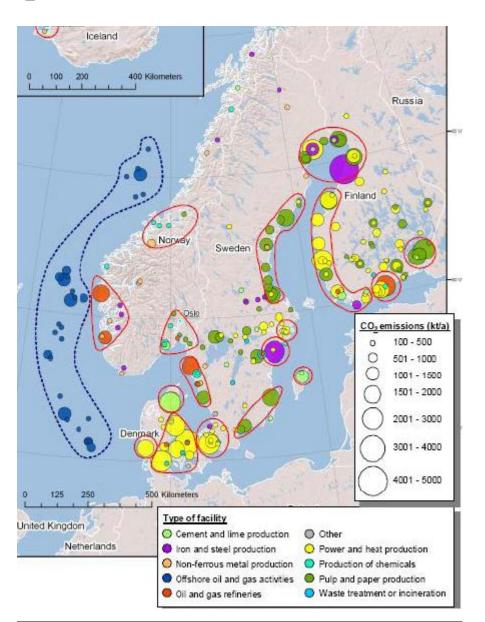
## CO<sub>2</sub> sources in Nordic countries

Finland + Sweden fossil CO<sub>2</sub> emissions: <120 Mt/year

in addition:

>50 Mt/year biogenic CO<sub>2</sub> from point sources

>100 000 tons/year



#### **Nordic countries and BioCCS**

- Large biogenic emissions (Sweden + Finland)
- Very large and proven storage locations (Norway)
- Key competence in storage, Norway worldleading
- Potential synergies with industrial emission that would need storage (cement, iron & steel...)
- Key competence in CLC



## Nordic Energy Research Flagship Project



Dudast

# **Negative CO<sub>2</sub>**

Enabling negative CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in the Nordic energy system through the use of Chemical-Looping Combustion of biomass (bio-CLC)

		(kNOK)
CHALMERS	Chalmers University of Technology	9258
BELLONA	The Bellona Foundation	2080
	Sibelco Nordic AB	240
SIBELCO	SINTEF Energy Research	6555
(1) SINTEF	SINTEF Materials and Chemistry	2787
<b>√√// / / / / / / / /</b>	VTT Technical Research Centre of Finland Ltd	6667
Å	Åbo Akademi University	3337
Åbo Akademi	Sum:	30924

#### **Conclusions**

- •BioCCS will be needed in large scale to meet climate targets
- Nordic countries are very suitable for developing BioCCS
- •Chemical-Looping Combustion has unique potential for dramatically reduced cost of CO<sub>2</sub> capture
- •CLC may have significant advantages for biomass combustion
- •Full-scale demo of chemical-looping combustion could be done at low cost (i.e. compared to other capture technologies)

# THANK YOU! QUESTIONS?

>300 publications on chemical-looping on: http://www.entek.chalmers.se/lyngfelt/co2/co2publ.htm